

Introduction

This document is aimed at History subject leaders and Personal development leads. It shows where the Kapow Primary curriculum provides opportunities for pupils to develop spiritually, morally, socially and culturally, as well as develop their understanding and respect for the fundamental British values.

The latter pages of this document map those units which can support you as you strive to improve pupils' personal development in line with Ofsted's Personal development criteria.

Please note that the curriculum alone will not be sufficient evidence that your school is providing for pupils' personal development and your school will be expected to show how other elements of school-life are geared towards this aim.

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What is SMSC?	3
What are British values?	5
SMSC and British values mapping	6
SMSC statements for History	18
Personal development criteria	20
Personal development mapping	21

What is SMSC?

Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural development.

All schools in England must show that they are developing their pupils in these areas. The SMSC statements included in this document are taken from the Ofsted Inspection handbook (November 2019) which states what inspectors may look for when evaluating pupils' SMSC development in schools.

Spiritual development	Moral development
 Ability to be reflective about their own beliefs (religious or otherwise) and perspective on life Knowledge of, and respect for, different people's faiths, feelings and values 	 Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, and to recognise legal boundaries and, in doing so, respect the civil and criminal law of England Understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actions
 Sense of enjoyment and fascination in learning about themselves, others and the world around them Use of imagination and creativity in their learning Willingness to reflect on their experiences 	• Interest in investigating and offering reasoned views about moral and ethical issues and ability to understand and appreciate the viewpoints of others on these issues
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What is SMSC?

Social development

- Use of a range of social skills in different contexts, for example, working and socialising with other pupils, including those from different religious, ethnic and socio-economic backgrounds
- Willingness to participate in a variety of communities and social settings, including by volunteering, cooperating well with others and being able to resolve conflicts effectively
- Acceptance of and engagement with the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs. They will develop and demonstrate skills and attitudes that will allow them to participate fully in and contribute positively to life in modern Britain

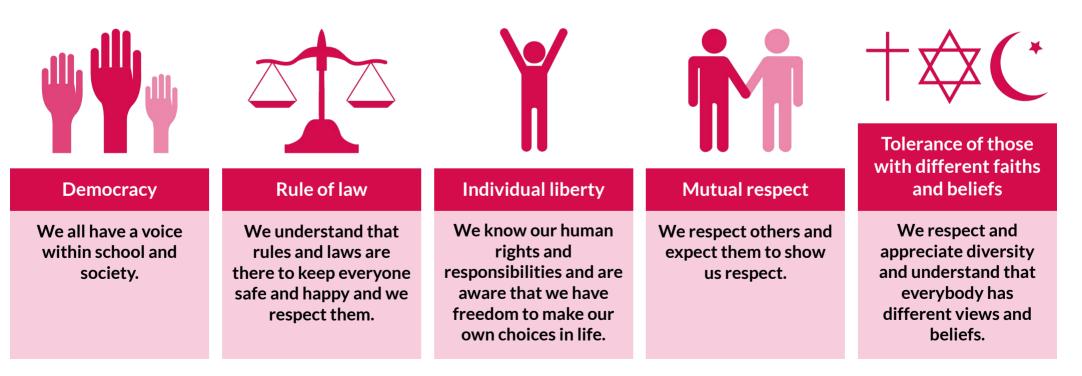
Cultural development

- Understanding and appreciation of the wide range of cultural influences that have shaped their own heritage and that of others
- Understanding and appreciation of the range of different cultures in the school and further afield as an essential element of their preparation for life in modern Britain
- Ability to recognise, and value, the things we share in common across cultural, religious, ethnic and socio-economic communities
- Knowledge of Britain's democratic parliamentary system and its central role in shaping our history and values, and in continuing to develop Britain
- Willingness to participate in and respond positively to artistic, musical, sporting and cultural opportunities
- Interest in exploring, improving understanding of and showing respect for different faiths and cultural diversity and the extent to which they understand, accept, respect and celebrate diversity. This is shown by their respect and attitudes towards different religious, ethnic and socio-economic groups in the local, national and global communities



Since November 2014 all schools have been expected to actively promote the fundamental British values set out below.

Our History curriculum supports schools in promoting these values and the Social development pages that follow also show which units help to instil any of the British values.



SMSC and British values mapping - Key stage 1

	Units which offer opportunities	Kaj	oow Primary u Year 1	nits	Kapow Primary units Year 2			
	for pupils to develop their:	<u>How am I making</u> <u>history?</u>	How have toys changed?	<u>How have</u> explorers changed <u>the world?</u>	<u>How was school</u> different in the past?	<u>How did we learn</u> <u>to fly?</u>	<u>What is a</u> monarch?	
	Ability to be reflective about their own beliefs (religious or otherwise) and perspective on life	~	V	~	v	~	V	
Spiritual	Knowledge of, and respect for, different people's faiths, feelings and values	~	~	~	v	~	~	
	Sense of enjoyment and fascination in learning about themselves, others and the world around them	~	~	~	~	~	•	
	Use of imagination and creativity in their learning	~	V	~	V	~	V	
	Willingness to reflect on their experiences	~	~	~	v	~	v	

SMSC mapping - Key stage 1

	Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:	Ka	apow Primary uni Year 1	Kapow Primary units Year 2			
		<u>How am I making</u> <u>history?</u>	<u>How have toys</u> <u>changed?</u>	<u>How have</u> explorers changed <u>the world?</u>	<u>How was school</u> <u>different in the</u> <u>past?</u>	<u>How did we</u> learn to fly?	<u>What is a</u> monarch?
	Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and, in so doing, respect the civil and criminal law of England						
Moral	Understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actions						
	Interest in investigating and offering reasoned views about moral and ethical issues and ability to understand and appreciate the viewpoints of others on these issues			~			

SMSC and British values mapping - Key stage 1

			Кар	ow Primary u Year 1	inits	Kapow Primary units Year 2		
	Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:		<u>How am I</u> <u>making history?</u>	How have toys changed?	<u>How have</u> <u>explorers</u> <u>changed the</u> <u>world?</u>	How was school different in the past?	<u>How did we</u> learn to fly?	<u>What is a</u> monarch?
	Use of a range of social skills in different contexts, for example working and socialising with other pupils, including those from different religious, ethnic and socio-economic backgrounds		~	~		~	•	~
Social	Willingness to participate in a variety of communities and social settings, including by volunteering, cooperating well with others and being able to resolve conflicts effectively							
		Democracy						
	Acceptance and engagement with the	The rule of law						
	fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs; they develop and demonstrate skills and	Individual liberty						
	attitudes that will allow them to participate fully in and contribute positively to life in modern Britain.	Mutual respect	~	~	~		v	
		Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs	~			~		~

SMSC mapping - Key stage 1

		Кар	ow Primary u Year 1	inits	Каро	ow Primary u Year 2	inits
	Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:	<u>How am I</u> <u>making</u> <u>history?</u>	How have toys changed?	<u>How have</u> <u>explorers</u> <u>changed the</u> <u>world?</u>	<u>How was</u> <u>school</u> <u>different in the</u> <u>past?</u>	<u>How did we</u> <u>learn to fly?</u>	What is a monarch?
	Understanding and appreciation of the wide range of cultural influences that have shaped their own heritage and that of others	V	~		~		~
	Understanding and appreciation of the range of different cultures in the school and further afield as an essential element of their preparation for life in modern Britain						
Cultural	Ability to recognise, and value, the things we share in common across cultural, religious, ethnic and socio-economic communities	~					~
	Knowledge of Britain's democratic parliamentary system and its central role in shaping our history and values, and in continuing to develop Britain.						~
	Willingness to participate in and respond positively to artistic, musical, sporting and cultural opportunities		•	V			~
	Interest in exploring, improving understanding of and showing respect for different faiths and cultural diversity and the extent to which they understand, accept and respect diversity. This is shown by their respect and attitudes towards different religious, ethnic and socio-economic groups in the local, national and global communities			~			~

SMSC mapping - Lower key stage 2

		Ka	pow Primary u Year 3	nits	Ka	pow Primary u Year 4	nits
	Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:	British history 1: Would vou prefer to live in the Stone Age, Iron Age or Bronze Age?	<u>British history 2:</u> <u>Why did the</u> <u>Romans settle in</u> <u>Britain?</u>	What did the Egyptians believe?	How have children's lives changed?	British history 3: How hard was it to invade and settle in Britain?	British history 4: Were the Vikings raiders, traders or settlers?
	Ability to be reflective about their own beliefs (religious or otherwise) and perspective on life		~	~	✓		~
Spiritual	Knowledge of, and respect for, different people's faiths, feelings and values	~		~		~	~
	Sense of enjoyment and fascination in learning about themselves, others and the world around them	~	~	~	~	~	~
	Use of imagination and creativity in their learning	~	~	~	~	~	~
	Willingness to reflect on their experiences	~	~	~	v	~	~

SMSC mapping - Lower key stage 2

		K	apow Primary uni Year 3	ts	Kapow Primary units Year 4			
	Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:	British history 1: Would you prefer to live in the Stone Age, Iron Age or Bronze Age?	British history 2: Why did the Romans settle in Britain?	<u>What did the</u> Egyptians believe?	<u>How have</u> <u>children's lives</u> <u>changed?</u>	British history 3: How hard was it to invade and settle in Britain?	British history 4: Were the Vikings raiders, traders or settlers?	
	Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and, in so doing, respect the civil and criminal law of England		~	~	~	~	~	
Moral	Understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actions		~		•		~	
	Interest in investigating and offering reasoned views about moral and ethical issues and ability to understand and appreciate the viewpoints of others on these issues.		•	~	•	~	•	

SMSC and British values mapping - Lower key stage 2

		Кар	o <mark>w Primary</mark> ι Year 3	ınits	Kapow Primary units Year 4			
	Units which offer opportunities develop their:	British history <u>1: Would you</u> prefer to live in the Stone Age, Iron Age or Bronze Age?	British history 2: Why did the Romans settle in Britain?	<u>What did the</u> <u>Egyptians</u> <u>believe?</u>	<u>How have</u> <u>children's lives</u> <u>changed?</u>	British history <u>3: How hard</u> was it to invade and settle in Britain?	<u>British history</u> <u>4: Were the</u> <u>Vikings raider,</u> <u>traders or</u> <u>settlers?</u>	
	Use of a range of social skills in different contexts, for and socialising with other pupils, including those fro ethnic and socio-economic backgrounds	luding those from different religious,		~	~	~	~	~
Social	Willingness to participate in a variety of communities and social settings, including by volunteering, cooperating well with others and being able to resolve conflicts effectively					~		
		Democracy						
	Acceptance and engagement with the	The rule of law		~		~	~	
	fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and	Individual liberty				~	~	
	beliefs; they develop and demonstrate skills and attitudes that will allow them to participate fully in and contribute positively to life in modern	Mutual respect			~	~		~
	Britain.	Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs			~	~		

SMSC mapping - Lower key stage 2

		Кар	<mark>ow Primary</mark> ι Year 3	ınits	Кар	ow Primary u Year 4	ınits
	Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:	British history <u>1: Would you</u> <u>prefer to live</u> <u>in the Stone</u> <u>Age. Iron Age</u> <u>or Bronze</u> <u>Age?</u>	<u>British history</u> <u>2: Why did the</u> <u>Romans settle</u> <u>in Britain?</u>	<u>What did the</u> <u>Egyptians</u> <u>believe?</u>	<u>How have</u> <u>children's lives</u> <u>changed?</u>	British history <u>3: How hard</u> was it to invade and settle in Britain?	British history <u>4: Were the</u> <u>Vikings raiders</u> <u>or</u> <u>peace-loving</u> <u>settlers?</u>
	Understanding and appreciation of the wide range of cultural influences that have shaped their own heritage and that of others	v	~	~	~		•
Cultural	Understanding and appreciation of the range of different cultures in the school and further afield as an essential element of their preparation for life in modern Britain	V		V			
	Ability to recognise, and value, the things we share in common across cultural, religious, ethnic and socio-economic communities	V		V	~		~
	Knowledge of Britain's democratic parliamentary system and its central role in shaping our history and values, and in continuing to develop Britain.						
	Willingness to participate in and respond positively to artistic, musical, sporting and cultural opportunities	~	~	v	~		
	Interest in exploring, improving understanding of and showing respect for different faiths and cultural diversity and the extent to which they understand, accept and respect diversity. This is shown by their respect and attitudes towards different religious, ethnic and socio-economic groups in the local, national and global communities	~		~	~		~

SMSC mapping - Upper key stage 2

		Ка	pow Primary u r Year 5	nits	Ка	pow Primary u r Year 6	nits
	Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:	British history 5: Were the Tudor monarchs great kings and queens?	<u>What did the</u> <u>Greeks ever do for</u> <u>us?</u>	<u>How did the Maya</u> <u>civilisation</u> <u>compare to the</u> <u>Anglo-Saxons?</u>	What does the Census tell us about our local area?	<u>Unheard histories:</u> <u>Who should go on</u> <u>the banknote?</u>	British history 6: What was the impact of World War II on the people of Britain?
	Ability to be reflective about their own beliefs (religious or otherwise) and perspective on life	~	~				~
Spiritual	Knowledge of, and respect for, different people's faiths, feelings and values	~	~		v		~
	Sense of enjoyment and fascination in learning about themselves, others and the world around them	~	~		v		~
	Use of imagination and creativity in their learning	~	~		~		~
	Willingness to reflect on their experiences	~	~		v		~

SMSC mapping - Upper key stage 2

		apow Primary uni Year 5		Kapow Primary units Year 6			
Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:	British history 5: Were the Tudor monarchs great kings and queens?	What did the Greeks ever do for us?	<u>How did the Maya</u> <u>civilisation</u> <u>compare to the</u> <u>Anglo-Saxons?</u>	What does the Census tell us about our local area?	<u>Unheard</u> histories: Who should go on the banknote?	British history 6: What was the impact of World War II on the people of Britain?	
Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and, in so doing, respect the civil and criminal law of England	~	~		~		~	
Understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actions	~	~				~	
Interest in investigating and offering reasoned views about moral and ethical issues and ability to understand and appreciate the viewpoints of others on these issues.	~	•		~		~	
	Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and, in so doing, respect the civil and criminal law of England Understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actions	Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and, in so doing, respect the civil and criminal law of England Interest in investigating and offering reasoned views about moral and ethical issues and ability to understand and appreciate the viewpoints of others on these issues. 	Were the Tudor monarchs great kines and queens? What did the Greeks ever do for us? Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and, in so doing, respect the civil and criminal law of England Image: Comparison of the consequences of their were and actions Understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actions Image: Comparison of the consequences of their were about moral and efficing reasoned views about moral and efficient the viewpoints of others on these issues. Image: Comparison of the viewpoints of were about moral and efficient the viewpoints of others on these issues. Image: Comparison of the viewpoints of were about moral and efficient the viewpoints of others on these issues.	Were the Tudor monarchs great kings and queens?What did the Greeks ever do for us?civilisation compare to the Anglo-Saxons?Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and, in so doing, respect the civil and criminal law of EnglandImage: Compare to the civil and criminal law of EnglandImage: Compare to the civil and criminal law of EnglandUnderstanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actionsImage: Compare to the civil and offering reasoned views about moral and ethical issues and ability to understand and appreciate the viewpoints of others on these issues.Image: Compare to the civil and criminal law of the compare to the civil and criminal law of tendence	Were the Tudor monarchs zreat kings and queens2What did the Greeks zver do for us2civilisation compare to the Angle-Saxons2Census tellus about our local area2Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and, in so doing, respect the civil and criminal law of EnglandVere the Tudor monarch zreatWhat did the Greeks zver do for us2civilisation compare to the Angle-Saxons2Census tellus about our local area2Understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actions <td>Were the Tudor monarchs gread kines and queens2What did the Greeks ever do for us?civilisation commane to the Ando Saxons2Census tellus about que local about que local about que local banknote?biblicits acon the should acon the banknote?Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and engal and criminal law of EnglandImage: status acon the should acon the should acon the should acon the panknote?Understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actionsImage: status acon their should acon the should acon the should</td>	Were the Tudor monarchs gread kines and queens2What did the Greeks ever do for us?civilisation commane to the Ando Saxons2Census tellus about que local about que local about que local banknote?biblicits acon the should acon the banknote?Ability to recognise the difference between right and wrong and to readily apply this understanding in their own lives, recognise legal boundaries and engal and criminal law of EnglandImage: status acon the should acon the should acon the should acon the panknote?Understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actionsImage: status acon their should acon the should	

SMSC and British values mapping - Upper key stage 2

	Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:		Кар	ow Primary u Year 5	inits	Kapow Primary units Year 6			
			British history <u>5: Were the</u> <u>Tudor</u> <u>monarchs great</u> <u>kings and</u> <u>queens?</u>	<u>What did the</u> <u>Greeks ever do</u> <u>for us?</u>	<u>How did the</u> <u>Mava</u> <u>civilisation</u> <u>compare to the</u> <u>Anglo-Saxons?</u>	What does the <u>Census tell us</u> about our local <u>area?</u>	<u>Unheard</u> <u>histories: Who</u> <u>should go on</u> <u>the banknote?</u>	British history <u>6: What was</u> <u>the impact of</u> <u>World War II</u> <u>on the people</u> <u>of Britain?</u>	
	Use of a range of social skills in different contexts, for example working and socialising with other pupils, including those from different religious, ethnic and socio-economic backgrounds		~	~		~			
Social	Willingness to participate in a variety of communities and social settings, including by volunteering, cooperating well with others and being able to resolve conflicts effectively			~		~			
	Acceptance and engagement with the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs; they develop and demonstrate skills and attitudes that will allow them to participate fully in and contribute positively to life in modern Britain.	Democracy		✓				~	
		The rule of law	~	v				~	
		Individual liberty		✓				~	
		Mutual respect		✓		✓		v	
	Tolerance with diffe faiths and		~			~		•	

SMSC mapping - Lower key stage 2

	Units which offer opportunities for pupils to develop their:	Кар	ow Primary u Year 5	ınits	Kapow Primary units Year 6		
		British history <u>5: Were the</u> <u>Tudor</u> <u>monarchs</u> great kings and queens?	<u>What did the</u> <u>Greeks ever</u> <u>do for us?</u>	<u>Why did the</u> <u>Maya</u> <u>civilisation</u> <u>decline so</u> <u>auickly?</u>	<u>What does the</u> <u>Census tell us</u> <u>about our local</u> <u>area?</u>	<u>Unheard</u> <u>histories: Who</u> <u>should go on</u> <u>the banknote?</u>	British history <u>6: What was</u> <u>the impact of</u> <u>World War II</u> <u>on the people</u> <u>of Britain?</u>
	Understanding and appreciation of the wide range of cultural influences that have shaped their own heritage and that of others	~			~		•
	Understanding and appreciation of the range of different cultures in the school and further afield as an essential element of their preparation for life in modern Britain	~					~
Cultural	Ability to recognise, and value, the things we share in common across cultural, religious, ethnic and socio-economic communities	v			v		~
	Knowledge of Britain's democratic parliamentary system and its central role in shaping our history and values, and in continuing to develop Britain.						
	Willingness to participate in and respond positively to artistic, musical, sporting and cultural opportunities	~					
	Interest in exploring, improving understanding of and showing respect for different faiths and cultural diversity and the extent to which they understand, accept and respect diversity. This is shown by their respect and attitudes towards different religious, ethnic and socio-economic groups in the local, national and global communities						

Our History curriculum contributes to the **Spiritual** development of pupils by:

- Offering opportunities to marvel at human achievements and discoveries that influence our lives today.
- Inspiring pupils to be creative and imaginative in their exploration of historical narratives, artefacts, and sources to develop a deeper understanding of the past.
- Encouraging pupils to reflect on personal experiences by providing opportunities to connect historical events to their own lives, drawing meaningful insights and lessons from the past.
- Promoting knowledge of, and respect for, different people's faiths, feelings, and values by examining diverse historical civilisations, cultures, and religious practices.

Our History curriculum contributes to the **Moral** development of pupils by:

- Developing an understanding of the consequences of their behavior and actions by exploring the historical impact of choices made by individuals and societies.
- Encouraging them to explore their own understanding of right and wrong when considering ethical dilemmas and decisions throughout history.
- Nurturing their sense of justice and fairness. Through the study of historical events such as civil rights movements, world wars etc., pupils learn about the consequences of prejudice, discrimination and injustice.

Our History curriculum contributes to the **Cultural** development of pupils by:

- Encouraging pupils to recognise and value the things we share in common across cultural, religious, ethnic, and socio-economic communities, promoting inclusivity and social cohesion.
- Promoting an appreciation of the diversity and richness of human cultures across the globe and throughout time.
- Teaching them about Britain's democratic parliamentary system and its central role in shaping the nation's history and values, as well as emphasising the ongoing development of Britain.
- Exploring historical events and their impact on individuals and societies, learning how cultures have adapted and changed as a result of significant events.

Our History curriculum contributes to the **Social** development of pupils by:

- Giving them opportunities to collaborate with a group towards a shared outcome.
- Enabling them to make decisions as a group, dealing with conflict when it arises and treating each other with respect.
- Offering them opportunities to present their work to others.
- Cultivating empathy through introducing students to diverse cultures, societies and perspectives.

Personal development criteria

The school inspection handbook (Ofsted,) 2019 lists the the dimensions of the personal development of pupils as:

developing responsible, respectful and active citizens who are able to play their part and become actively involved in public life as adults	developing and deepening pupils' understanding of the fundamental British values of democracy, individual liberty, the rule of law and mutual respect and tolerance	developing pupils' character, which we define as a set of positive personal traits, dispositions and virtues that informs their motivation and guides their conduct so that
promoting an inclusive environment that meets the needs of all pupils, irrespective of age, disability, gender reassignment, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation	promoting equality of opportunity so that all pupils can thrive together, understanding that difference is a positive, not a negative, and that individual characteristics make people unique	they reflect wisely, learn eagerly, behave with integrity and cooperate consistently well with others. This gives pupils the qualities they need to flourish in our society
developing pupils' confidence, resilience and knowledge so that they can keep themselves mentally healthy	criminal and sexual exploitation, domestic ab substance misuse, gang activity, radicalisation	risks to their well-being – for example, risks from use, female genital mutilation, forced marriage, and extremism – and making them aware of the ilable to them
enabling pupils to recognise the dangers of inappropriate use of mobile technology and social media	active lifestyle, including giving ample opportuni	ep physically healthy, eat healthily and maintain an ities for pupils to be active during the school day and curricular activities
developing pupils' age-appropriate understanding of healthy relationships through appropriate relationships and sex education	supporting readiness for the next phase of education, training or employment so that pupils are equipped to make the transition successfully	Ofsted recognises that you often won't be able to assess the impact of your personal development provision while a pupil is at your school, and therefore they won't try to measure the impact of your provision on

individual pupils.

Personal development criteria mapping - Key stage 1

		bow Primary u Tey stage 1 - Year		Kapow Primary units Key stage 1 - Year 2		
Personal development criteria Kapow Primary's History scheme supports:	<u>How am I making</u> <u>history?</u>	<u>How have toys</u> <u>changed?</u>	<u>How have</u> <u>explorers</u> <u>changed the</u> <u>world?</u>	How was school different in the past?	<u>How did we</u> <u>learn to fly?</u>	<u>What is a</u> monarch?
developing and deepening pupils' understanding of the fundamental British values of democracy, individual liberty, the rule of law and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs	See British values mapping for Year 1 and Year 2					
promoting equality of opportunity so that all pupils can thrive together, understanding that difference is a positive, not a negative, and that ndividual characteristics make people unique	~	~	~	~	✓	~
promoting an inclusive environment that meets the needs of all pupils, rrespective of age, disability, gender reassignment, race, religion or pelief, sex or sexual orientation	All lessons are planned to be inclusive.					
developing pupils' character, which we define as a set of positive personal traits, dispositions and virtues that informs their motivation and guides their conduct so that they reflect wisely, learn eagerly, pehave with integrity and cooperate consistently well with others. This gives pupils the qualities they need to flourish in our society	~	v	~	~	~	~
developing pupils' confidence, resilience and knowledge so that they can keep themselves mentally healthy	~	~	~	~	v	v
supporting readiness for the next phase of education, training or employment so that pupils are equipped to make the transition successfully			~			•

Personal development criteria mapping - Lower key stage 2

		pow Primary u Key stage 2 - Year		Kapow Primary units Key stage 2 - Year 4		
Personal development criteria Kapow Primary's History scheme supports:	British history 1: Would you prefer to live in the Stone Age, Iron Age or the Bronze Age?	<u>British history 2:</u> <u>Why did the</u> <u>Romans settle in</u> <u>Britain?</u>	How different were the beliefs in Ancient Egypt?	<u>How have</u> <u>children's lives</u> <u>changed?</u>	British history 3: How hard was it to invade and settle in Britain?	British history 4: Were the Vikings raiders, traders or settlers?
developing and deepening pupils' understanding of the fundamental British values of democracy, individual liberty, the rule of law and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs	See British values mapping for Year 3 and Year 4					
promoting equality of opportunity so that all pupils can thrive together, understanding that difference is a positive, not a negative, and that individual characteristics make people unique	~	~	V	~	~	~
promoting an inclusive environment that meets the needs of all pupils, irrespective of age, disability, gender reassignment, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation	All lessons are planned to be inclusive.					
developing pupils' character, which we define as a set of positive personal traits, dispositions and virtues that informs their motivation and guides their conduct so that they reflect wisely, learn eagerly, behave with integrity and cooperate consistently well with others. This gives pupils the qualities they need to flourish in our society	~	~	~	~	~	~
developing pupils' confidence, resilience and knowledge so that they can keep themselves mentally healthy	~	~	~	~	~	~
supporting readiness for the next phase of education, training or employment so that pupils are equipped to make the transition successfully						

Personal development criteria mapping - Upper key stage 2

		pow Primary u Key stage 2 - Year		Kapow Primary units Key stage 2 - Year 6		
Personal development criteria Kapow Primary's History scheme supports:	British history 5: Were the Tudor monarchs great kings and queens?	<u>What did the</u> <u>Greeks ever do</u> <u>for us?</u>	How did the Maya civilisation compare to the Anglo-Saxons?	What does the Census tell us about our local area?	<u>Unheard</u> <u>histories: Who</u> <u>should go on the</u> <u>banknote?</u>	British history 6: What was the impact of World War II on the people of Britain?
developing and deepening pupils' understanding of the fundamental British values of democracy, individual liberty, the rule of law and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs	See British values mapping for Year 5 and Year 6					
promoting equality of opportunity so that all pupils can thrive together, understanding that difference is a positive, not a negative, and that individual characteristics make people unique	~	~	~	~	~	~
promoting an inclusive environment that meets the needs of all pupils, irrespective of age, disability, gender reassignment, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation	All lessons are planned to be inclusive.					
developing pupils' character, which we define as a set of positive personal traits, dispositions and virtues that informs their motivation and guides their conduct so that they reflect wisely, learn eagerly, behave with integrity and cooperate consistently well with others. This gives pupils the qualities they need to flourish in our society	~	~	~	~	~	~
developing pupils' confidence, resilience and knowledge so that they can keep themselves mentally healthy	~	~	~	~	~	~
supporting readiness for the next phase of education, training or employment so that pupils are equipped to make the transition successfully		~		~		~